

Beliefs in Action in the World.

The Agreed Syllabus for RE in Nottinghamshire Syllabus:

- Explain thoughtfully and compare two global aid charities.
- Consider varied answers to justice, fairness, compassion and responsibility.
- Explain the impact of beliefs on how people respond to charity.

Religions to be explored:



Hinduism

- The religion originated in India. It is the third most popular religion in the world and is the world oldest religion.
- Hinduism is a polytheistic religion (believing in more than one God).
- Hindus have many duties such as looking after dependents, the sick or elderly, those needy in society, avoiding arguments, ahimsa and worshipping.



Christianity

- This is the worlds biggest religion with 2.2 billion followers.
- It is based on the teachings of Jesus Christ.
- Christianity is a monotheistic religion (Believing that God is one, known in three persons as God, Jesus and Holy Spirit).
- Christians see themselves as a community rather than religion just taking place in the church.



Key Vocabulary

Religion	The belief in and worship of a God or Gods, or any such system of belief and worship.
Charity	The quality of being kind to people and not judging them and their needs. Helping and supporting those in need.
Ahimsa	Ahimsa is the ethical principle of not causing harm to other living things in Hinduism.
Responsibility	Being responsible for ourselves and knowing our actions have rewards and consequences.
Agape	The meaning of unconditional love within Christianity.
Justice	The meaning of fairness in the way that people are dealt with and to make right.
Faith	Having a strong belief in God or a particular religion.
Fairness	Everyone is of an equal importance
Compassion	Acting to alleviate the suffering of others.

Prior Knowledge

How are spiritual thoughts expressed in charity?